

### Suspensions of viscoelastic capsules: effect of membrane viscosity on transient dynamics

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#### Motivations: why viscoelastic capsules are important?



<sup>(2)</sup> Guglietta, F., Behr, M., Falcucci, G., & Sbragaglia, M. (2021). Loading and relaxation dynamics of a red blood cell. Soft Matter, 17(24), 5978-5990.



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#### Outlook



- Aim: Characterise the effect of membrane viscosity on the mechanical response (i.e., deformation, loading time) of suspensions of viscoelastic spherical capsules.
- Numerical model:
  - Viscoelastic membrane model
  - Fluid solver
- Results:
  - Single viscoelastic capsule
  - **Suspensions** of viscoelastic capsules





#### Numerical model

#### Membrane model





(1) Skalak, R., Tozeren, A., Zarda, R. P., & Chien, S. (1973). Strain energy function of red blood cell membranes. Biophysical journal, 13(3), 245-264.

(2) Krüger, T. (2012). Computer simulation study of collective phenomena in dense suspensions of red blood cells under shear. Springer Science & Business Media.

(3) Barthès-Biesel, D., & Sgaier, H. (1985). Role of membrane viscosity in the orientation and deformation of a spherical capsule suspended in shear flow. Journal of Fluid Mechanics, 160, 119-135.

(4) Li, P., & Zhang, J. (2019). A finite difference method with subsampling for immersed boundary simulations of the capsule dynamics with viscoelastic membranes. Int. J. Numer. Methods Biomed. Eng., 35(6), e3200.

(5) Aouane, O., Scagliarini, A., & Harting, J. (2021). Structure and rheology of suspensions of spherical strain-hardening capsules. Journal of Fluid Mechanics, 911.

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#### Immersed boundary - lattice Boltzmann (IB-LB) method 🗾 TOR VERGATA



(1) Krüger, T., Kusumaatmaja, H., Kuzmin, A., Shardt, O., Silva, G., & Viggen, E. M. (2017). The lattice Boltzmann method. Springer International Publishing, 10(978-3), 4-15.

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Fluid density

Eulerian node (outer)

Lagrangian node



#### Results: single capsule

#### Single capsule in simple shear flow





0.05

0.00

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40

 $t/t^*$ 

60

20

100

80



### Results: suspensions of capsule

#### Suspension of viscoelastic capsules



Reynolds number:

Capillary nu

Capillary number: 
$$Ca = \frac{\dot{\gamma}\mu r}{k_s} = \dot{\gamma}t^* \in [0.1,1]$$
  
Boussinesq number:  $Bq = \frac{\mu_m}{\mu r} \in [0,50]$   
Volume fraction:  $\phi = \frac{\sum_i V_i}{L^3} \in [0.001,0.4]$ 

 $\operatorname{Re} = \frac{\dot{\gamma}\rho r^2}{\mu} = 10^{-2}$ 

**Deformation:** 

Boussinesq

 $\langle D \rangle = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i} D_i(t)$ 

Radius: r Shear rate:  $\dot{\gamma}$ Fluid viscosity:  $\mu$ Capsule Volume:  $V_i$ Membrane viscosity:  $\mu_m$ Intrinsic time:  $t^* = \mu r/k_s$ 

 $d_{q}(t)$ 

### Rheology: relative viscosity









Einstein, A. (1905). *Eine neue bestimmung der moleküldimensionen* (Doctoral dissertation).
Batchelor, G. K., & Green, J. (1972). The determination of the bulk stress in a suspension of

[2] Batchelor, G. K., & Green, J. (1972). The determination of the bulk stress in a suspension of spherical particles to order c2. *Journal of Fluid Mechanics*, *56*(3), 401-427.

# Deformation and inclination angle





#### Membrane viscosity and volume fraction







When the volume fraction increases, the viscous dissipation reduces

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- For a fixed value of  $\phi$ , the effect  $f_{\phi}$  is to:
  - reduce the deformation
  - increase the loading time

- When  $\phi$  increases:
  - the effect of Bq on D reduces
  - the effect of Bq on  $t_L$  almost vanishes



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<u>**Guglietta, F.</u>**, Pelusi, F., Sega, M., Aouane, O., & Harting, J. (2023). *Suspensions of viscoelastic capsules: Effect of membrane viscosity on transient dynamics.* Journal of Fluid Mechanics, **971**, A13. doi:10.1017/jfm.2023.694</u>

#### **BACKUP SLIDES**







- The steady value of deformation may depend on the value of membrane viscosity
- **The rotation** of the membrane **dissipates** part of the energy otherwise used to **deform** the membrane.

**F. Guglietta et al.,** "Loading and relaxation dynamics for a red blood cell", *Soft matter*, 17, 5978-5990, 2021.

#### Single capsule in simple shear flow





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# Deformation and inclination angle





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#### $\bigcirc$ Δ Loading time and trequency





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#### Single capsule: particle stress





Radii





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#### Initialisation



